#### **DEPARTMENT OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING**

#### **COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY**

FOR

IV BTECH – I SEMESTER

(2022-2023)







#### MALLA REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(Sponsored by CMR Educational Society)

(Affiliated to JNTU, Hyderabad, Approved by AICTE - Accredited by NBA & NAAC – 'A' Grade – ISO 9001:2008 Certified)

Maisammaguda, Dhulapally (Post Via Hakimpet), Secunderabad – 500100

# COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY FOR AVIONICS

### AVIONICS COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY

Unit No	Title of the Unit	Topics of the Unit	Name of The Text Book	Chapter No	Page No
UNIT -I	Introduction To Avionics	Importance and role of Avionics in modern aircraft systems which interfacedirectly with pilot Aircraft state sensor systems, outside world sensor systems, task automationsystems.  The avionics equipment and system requirement, environmental, weight, reliability.  Standardization and specification of avionics equipment and systems,  ARINC and MIL specification.  Electricaland optical data bus systems. Integrated modular avionics architectures.	Avionics – RPG Collins	1	1-3 3-5 11-16 459- 486

UNIT-II	Display &Man Machine InteractionAnd	Introduction to displays headup displays(HUD), basic principles, Helmet mounted displays, Head tracking systems. Head down displays Civil cockpit, Military cockpit, Solid state standbydisplay systems,	Avionics – RPG Collins	2	19-36 36-42
Communication System	Communication system	Data fusion in displays Intelligent displaysystems.			79
		Introduction to voice and data			
		communication systems			
		HF,VHF,UHFand Satellite			
		communications,			
		Flight data recorders.			
		Basic principles of gyroscope and			
		accelerometers. Introduction to			
		opticalgyroscope, ring laser			
		gyros, principles.Stable platform		5	255-282
		system, strap down systems,	Avionics – RPG Collins		
UNIT-III	Inertial Sensors, Attitude	error in inertial systems and	Comms		
	Derivation And Air Data	corrections.			
	Systems	Air data Information and its use,			
		derivation of Air Data Laws and		7	377-399
		relationship, altitude, static			
		pressurerelationship, variation of			
		ground pressure,			
		Speed of sound, Mach Number, CAS, TAS, Pressure error. Air data			
		sensors andcomputing			

UNIT – IV	Navigation (Ins And Gps) AndLanding System	Principles of Navigation, Types of Navigation systems, Inertial Navigation System,Initial alignment and Gyro compassing, Strap down INS computing.Landing System, localizer and glide slope,marker systems. Categories of ILS.Global navigation satellite systems, GPS,description and basic principles. Integration of GPS and INS, Differential GPS.	Avionics – RPG Collins	6	303-365
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		Traffic alert and collision avoidance systems(TCAS),Enhanced			
		ground proximity warning			
		system.	Avionics – RPG Collins	8	415-457
UNIT- V	Surveillance And Auto	Weather radar. Autopilots,	Commis		
	FlightSystems	Basic principle, height control,			
		headingcontrol, ILS coupled			
		autopilot control, satellite landing			
		system, speed control and auto			
		throttle.			
		Flight management			
		systems, principles, flight planning,			
		navigation and Guidance,			
		performance prediction and flight			
		path			
		optimization.			

# FOR COMPUTATIONAL AERODYNAMICS

### COMPUTATIONAL AERODYNAMICS (R18A2116) COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY

Unit	Title of the unit	Topics of the unit	Name of thetext book	Chapt er No.	Page No.
Unit -1	Introduction to computational fluiddynamics	CFD and its importance as research and design tool, General Procedure of CFD.  Application of CFD tovariousEngineeringproblems.	John .D. Anderson, Computatio nal Fluid Dynamics, McGraw Hill	1	3- 13 14 - 30
		Models of fluid flow- Finite Control Volume, Infinitesimal Fluid Element,Substant ial derivatives, divergence of Velocity.	IVICOTAW TIIII	2	40 - 48
Unit -2	Governing equations of fluid dynamics	The continuity equation, momentum equation, energy equation, physical boundary conditions. Form of	John .D. Anderson, Computatio nal Fluid Dynamics, McGraw Hill	2	49 - 90

		Governing equation suited for CFD - Conservation form - shock fitting and shock capturing.			
		Impact of partial differential equations on CFD. Classification of Quasi-Linear Partial		3	95 -120
		differential equation,			
		The Eigen value			
		method, General behavior of different classes of Partial differential equation – elliptic, parabolic and hyperbolic with examples.			
Unit -3	Discretization techniques	Introduction, Finite differences and formulas for first and second derivatives,	John .D. Anderson,  Computation al  Fluid Dynamics,	4	128 -153

		difference equations,	McGraw Hill		
		Explicit and implicit			
		approaches.			
I					

		Basis of finite volume  method- conditions on the finite volume selections-approaches - Cellcentered and cellvertex. Definition of finite volume discretization general formulation of a numerical scheme.  Need for grid generation.  Structured grids-	Charles Hirsch "Numerical computation of internal and external flows" Second Edition Butterworth - Heinemann is animprint of Elsevier Charles Hirsch "Numerical	5	209 - 215
Unit -4	Grid generatio n	Cartesian grids, body fitted structured grids, Multi-block grids - overset grids with applications. Unstructured grids- triangular/ tetrahedral cells, hybrid grids, quadrilateral/hexa hedra cells. Grid Generation techniques -	computation of internal and external flows" Second Edition Butterworth - Heinemann is animprint of Elsevier	6	249 -276

		Delaunay triangulation, Advance font method. Grid			
		Lax-Wendroff technique,	John .D. Anderson,		
Unit -5	Cfd technique s			6	217- 224
	J	MacCormack's technique,	Computation al Fluid Dynamics, McGraw Hill		
		Alternating-Directi on-		6	243 - 247
		Implicit (ADI)			
		Technique, Crank Nicholson technique, Relaxation technique,			
		Pressure correction technique Numerical		6	254- 264

	procedures- SIMPLE algorithm. Boundary conditions for the pressure correction method.				
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# COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY FOR CAD/CAM

#### COURSE COVERAGE CAD/CAM

(R18A2137)

TITLE OF THE UNIT	TOPICS OF THE UNIT	NÁME OF THE TEXT BOOK	CHAPTER No.	PAGE No.
UNIT-I	Computers in Industrial Manufacturing,	CAD/CAM: PRINCIPLES AND	I	1 TO 15
Introduction	Product cycle,CAD / CAM Hardware, Basic	APPLICATIONS BY P N	II	21 TO 45
Computer	structure.	Rao	III	53 TO 60
Graphics	Raster scan graphics coordinate system, Database structure for graphics modelling, Transformation of geometry, 3D transformati ons, Clipping.			61 TO 70 70 TO 77 77 TO 80 80 TO 86
UNIT-II Geometric modelling	Requirements, geometric models, geometric Constructionmodels, Curve representation methods, Surface representation methods, Modelling facilities desired.	CAD/CAM: PRINCIPLES AND APPLICATIONS BY P N Rao	IV	97 TO 122 123 TO 139 139 TO 151 164 TO 168
UNIT-III Numerical control	NC, NC modes, NC elements, NC machine toolsStructure of CNC machine tools Features of Machining center turning centerCNC Part Programming fundamentals, Manual part programming methodsComputer Aided Part Programming.	CAD/CAM: PRINCIPLES AND APPLICATIONS BY P N Rao	IX X XII XIII	260 TO 272 274 TO 290 316 TO 331 350 TO 356 356 TO 360 361 TO 398

UNIT-IV Group Technology	Part family, coding and classification, Production flow analysis, Advantages and limitations, Computer Aided Processes Planning, Retrieval type andGenerative type	CAD/CAM: PRINCIPLES AND APPLICATIONS BY P N Rao	XVIII	525 TO 532 536 TO 543 549 TO 554
UNIT-V Computer Aided QualityControl	Terminology in quality control, the computer in QC,contact inspection methods, Noncontact inspection methods-optical, noncontactinspection methods non-optical, Computer aided testing, Integration of CAQC with CAD/CAM.	CAD/CAM: PRINCIPLES AND APPLICATIONS BY P N Rao	XXIII	694 TO 712
Computer integrated manufacturing systems:	Types of Manufacturing systems, Machine tools and related equipment, Material handling systems, Computer control systems, Human labor in the manufacturing systems, CIMS benefits.		XXIV	715 TO 729

# FOR MECHANICAL VIBRATION

### MECHANICAL VIBRATION (R18A2118)

#### **COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY**

Unit	Title of	Topics of the Unit	Name of the	Chapter	Page
No. the Unit			References/Text	No.	No.
			books		
	Fundament	Brief history of vibration,	Mechanical	1	1-27
	als of	Importance of the study of	Vibrations By:		
	Vibration	vibration, basicconcepts of	Singiresu S. Rao		
		vibration, classification of			
		vibrations, vibration analysis	And		
		procedure, spring elements,		1	1-9
		mass or	Mechanical		
UNIT-1		inertia elements, damping	Vibrations By: Dr.		
		elements.	V. P. Singh		
	Free	Introduction, Free vibration of	Mechanical	2	63-74
	Vibration of	an	Vibrations By:		
	Single	Undampedtranslationalsystem,	Singiresu S. Rao		
	Degree of	free vibration of an undamped			
	Freedom	torsional system. Concepts			
	Systems	ondifferentdamping conditions			
UNIT-2	Harmonicall	Introduction, Equation of	Mechanical	3	152-157
	y Exited	motion, response of an	Vibrations By:		161-164
	Vibrations	undampedsystem under	Singiresu S. Rao		178-181
		harmonic force, Response of a			
		damped system under			
		harmonic force, forced			
		vibrationwith coulomb			
		damping, forced vibration with			
		hysteresis damping			
UNIT-3	Vibration	Introduction, Response under	Mechanical	4	200-226

	Under	a general periodic	Vibrations By:		
	General	force, Two Degree of	Singiresu S. Rao		
	Forcing	FreedomSystems,			
	Conditions	Introduction, Equation of		5	251-263
		motion for forcedvibration,			269-274
		freevibration analysis of an			
		undamped system, Torsional			
		system, forced vibration			
		analysis			
UNIT-4	Multidegree	Introduction, Modeling of	Mechanical	6	293-317
	of Freedom	Continuous systems as multi	Vibrations By:		
	Systems	degreeof freedom systems,	Singiresu S. Rao		
		Using Newton's second law to			
		derive equations of		7	355-380
		motion,Determination of			
		Natural Frequencies and			
		ModeShapes:Introduction,			
		Dunkerley's formula,			
		Rayleigh's method,			
		Holzersmethod, Matrix			
		iteration method,Jacobi's			
		method.			
UNIT-5	Continuous	Transverse vibration of a	Mechanical	8	398-421
	Systems	spring or a cable, longitudinal	Vibrations By:		
		vibration of bar or	Singiresu S. Rao		
		rod,Torsional vibration of a bar			
		or rod, Lateral vibration of			
		beams.			

# FUGHT VEHICLE DESIGN

### (R18A2118) FLIGHT VEHICLE DESIGN COURSE COVERAGESUMMARY

Unit No	Title of the Unit	Topics of the Unit	Name of The Text Book	Chapter No	Page No
I	Airfoil And Geometry Selection, Thrust To Weight Ratio,	Overview of aircraft design, Phases of aircraft design. Aircraft conceptual design process, Sizing from conceptual sketch, Empty weight & fuel fraction estimation, Mission profiles, Mission segment weight fractions. L/D estimation. Take-off weight estimation. Airfoil and geometry selection, Airfoil design, Design lift coefficient, Stall, Airfoil thickness ratio, Airfoil considerations. Wing geometry (aspect ratio, wing sweep, tapper ratio and wing vertical location, wing tip shapes. Tail geometry and arrangements.  Thrust to weight ratio & Wing loading- statistical estimation, thrust matching. Wing loading (for take-off, instantaneous/sustained turn rate, loiterer endurance, cruise range).	Aircraft Design: A Conceptual Approach by Daniel P. Raymer	1,2,3,4,	1-100
П	Initial sizing & configuration layout	Sizing with fixed engine and with rubber engine. Refined sizing equations/ methods. Geometry sizing of fuselage, Wing, Tail, Control surfaces. Development of configuration lay out from conceptual sketch. The inboard profile drawing, Wetted area, Volume distribution and fuel volume plots, Lofting- definition, significance and methods, flat wrap lofting. Special consideration in configuration lay out. Isobar tailoring Sears-Haack volume distribution, structural load paths. Radar, IR, visual detect ability, aural signature considerations.	Aircraft Design: A Conceptual Approach by Daniel P. Raymer	6,7,	101-152
III	Crew station,passengers &payload, landing gear &subsystems, Structures, weight & balance	Fuselage design- crew station, passenger compartment, cargo provisions, weapons carriage, gun installation, Landing gear arrangements, guidelines for lay out. Shock absorbers – types, sizing, stroke determination, gear load factors. Gear retraction geometry. Aircraft subsystems, significance to configuration lay out. Airworthiness requirements - loads, safety margins, material properties, methods of estimation- construction, operation, maintenance, training- procedures, Aircraft materialsmechanical properties- design data- allowable, allowable bases. Failure theory. Flight loadsatmospheric, maneuver- construction of flight envelope. Wing loads, Empennage loads, Fuselage loads.	Aircraft Design: A Conceptual Approach by Daniel P. Raymer;	9,11	181-191, 229-252,

IV	Performance and constraint analysis refined sizing & trade studies	The aircraft operating envelope. Take off analysis, Balanced field length Landing analysis. Fighter performance measures of merit. Effects of wind on aircraft performance. Initial technical report of baseline design analysis and evaluation. Refined baseline design and report of specifications. Elements of life cycle cost, cost estimating method, RDT&E and production costs, operation and maintenance costs, fuel and oil costs, crew salaries Refined conceptual sizing methods. Sizing matrix plot and carpet plot. Trade studies - design trades, requirement trades, growth sensitivities. Measures of merit Determination of final baseline design configuration, preparation of type specification report	Aircraft Design: A Conceptual Approach by Daniel P. Raymer	17	455-491
V	Stability, control & handling qualities	Longitudinal static stability and control, aerodynamic center estimation, wing and tail lift and elevator, Estimation of wing, fuselage -and nacelle pitching moment, thrust effect, trim analysis, take-off rotation, velocity stability, Lateral & directional stability and control, lateral-directional derivatives, aircraft dynamic characteristics, steady roll, pull up, inertia coupling, Introduction to handling qualities (Cooper harper rating scale), Spin recovery.		16	411-449